

**ANCAREZ™ AR555 Waterborne Epoxy Resin****DESCRIPTION**

Ancarez AR555 resin is a waterborne solid epoxy resin dispersion delivered at 55% solids in water. It is designed for use in two-component, ambient-cure epoxy systems. Ancarez AR555 resin delivers superior performance at lower cost when compared to conventional solid resin dispersions. The unique nature of Ancarez AR555 resin allows film formation without high levels of coalescing solvent, which enables the formulation of low-odor, zero-VOC systems.

**ADVANTAGES**

- Zero VOC capability
- Fast dry speed: < 30 minutes
- Excellent universal colorant acceptance
- Early water resistance: 2 hours
- Long pot life: >3 hours
- High gloss
- Zero induction time
- Low resin viscosity
- Low odor
- Lower cost-in-use
- High Corrosion Resistance

**APPLICATIONS**

- OEM, industrial maintenance, and transportation coatings
- Anticorrosive primers, mid-coats and topcoats
- Institutional coatings

**SHELF LIFE**

At least 12 months from the date of manufacture in the original sealed container below 45°C. Store in tightly closed containers away from excessive heat. Do not freeze.

**STORAGE AND HANDLING**

Refer to the Safety Data Sheet for Ancarez AR555 Resin.

**TABLE 1: TYPICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance, Liquid	Milky White
Appearance, Film	Clear, Glossy
Solids Content (wt %)	55
Solvent (contains no organic solvents)	Water
Viscosity @ 25°C (cPs) <sup>1</sup>	200
Flash Point (°C) <sup>2</sup>	> 249
Specific Gravity @ 25°C <sup>3</sup>	1.08
Weight per Gallon <sup>3</sup>	9.1
Epoxy Equivalent Weight (EEW, g/eq) <sup>3</sup>	1300

**TABLE 2: TYPICAL COATING HANDLING PROPERTIES\***

Pot Life (h)	3+
Volume Solids (%)	42
Weight Solids (%)	57
Formulation Viscosity (cPs) <sup>1</sup>	1100
Clean-up	Warm, Soapy Water

**TABLE 3: TYPICAL PERFORMANCE\***

<b>(14-day cure @ 25°C)</b>	
60° Gloss	90
Pencil Hardness	2H
¼ inch Mandrel Bend	180°
Direct Impact (in-lb)	40
Reverse Impact (in-lb)	4

\* Ancarez AR555 resin formulated with Anquamine™ 401 curing agent in a high-gloss metal enamel formulation.

Footnotes:

- (1) Brookfield viscosity, Spindle #3, 12 rpm
- (2) Seta flash, closed cup
- (3) Specific Gravity, weight per gallon, and EEW reported on as delivered basis (EEW = 550 on solids basis)

## SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

### RESIN CHARACTERISTICS

Ancarez AR555 resin is a unique solid epoxy dispersion stabilized in water with a nonionic surfactant. It is zero-VOC as supplied, and can be formulated to produce high-performance, zero-VOC, low-odor, two-component epoxy topcoats and ultra-low-VOC two-component epoxy primers for metal and concrete. These coatings exhibit excellent corrosion, weathering and chemical resistance.

Because of its unique nature, Ancarez AR555 resin allows the formulation of waterborne epoxy maintenance primers and topcoats that have the rapid dry characteristics and long pot life of conventional solid waterborne epoxy resin emulsions, but without the need for high levels of coalescing solvent typical of those systems. Ancarez AR555 resin formulations accept universal tints readily, providing for easy incorporation of water based epoxy coatings into existing product lines.

Evonik offers three waterborne hardeners currently for use in systems based on Ancarez AR555 resin. Those hardeners should be used as follows:

Hardener	Recommended Applications
Anquamine® 419 curing agent	Low odor/VOC compliant metal primers
Anquamine 401 curing agent	Zero-VOC/Low-odor concrete primers and pigmented metal and concrete topcoats
Anquawhite® 100 curing agent	Wall and floor coatings and institutional coatings

Starting point formulations are attached.

### FORMULATING GUIDELINES CURING AGENT SELECTION

Anquamine 401 curing agent is recommended where zero-VOC, high-gloss and gloss retention are required. Anquamine 401 curing agent can be thinned with water to retain zero VOC in the finished formulation.

Anquamine 419 curing agent is recommended for optimum humidity and corrosion resistance. Anquamine 419 curing agent can be thinned with a mixture of water and propyleneglycol monomethyl ether.

Anquawhite 100 curing agent is recommended when low odor and stain resistant (good acid and food stain resistance) are required. It provides long pot life, and offers high yellowing resistance.

Both Anquamine 401 and 419 curing agents can be modified with acetic acid to improve water solubility and to extend pot life. Typical use levels are 0.5-2.0% glacial acetic acid based

on curing agent weight. Acetic acid levels should be kept to a minimum to avoid negative impact on water resistance.

### STORAGE AND STABILITY

Ancarez AR555 resin should be stored between 35 and 105°F (2 and 41°C) for best package stability. Freeze-thaw stability can be enhanced through the addition of glycol ether solvents such as propyleneglycol monomethyl ether or ethylene glycol monopropyl ether.

### STOICHIOMETRY

Best overall results have been obtained in the range of 0.8:1 to 1.2: 1 (epoxy:amine). The best corrosion resistance has been observed at 1:1 stoichiometry or with a slight excess of curing agent.

### PIGMENTS/PIGMENT DISPERSION

Ancarez AR555 resin can be readily pigmented through the use of pigment dispersants. Best results have been obtained by preparing a resin-free grind in water utilizing Disperbyk 190 dispersant (2.5-3.5% based on pigment weight) and Surfynol® 420 surfactant (0.1-0.2% based on pigment weight). Ancarez AR555 resin is then added during the let down.

When formulating gloss white enamels, good results have been obtained using a variety of titanium dioxides including: Ti Pure R 706, Tioxide TR-92, Tronox CR-826, Tronox CR-828, Kronos 2102, Kronos 2310 and Tiona RCL-535 Titanium Dioxides. Tronox CR-826 titanium dioxide in particular, exhibits good yellowing resistance. Ti Pure R-960 should be avoided due to reduced gloss in enamels made with this product. Typical PVCs are 15-20%. Gloss can be reduced through the addition of 0.25-0.75 pounds per gallon of low oil absorption talc such as Mineral Technology's P 40-27 or LVT 400.

When formulating primers, PVC should be targeted at and no higher than 32% for optimum corrosion and humidity resistance. Extender pigments such as barytes, talc, wollastonite and ceramic micro spheres should be selected for low oil absorption and good packing characteristics. Calcium carbonate and zinc oxide should be avoided due to possible interactions with the curing agent. Anticorrosive pigments such as Halox SW 111 or SZP 391 corrosion inhibitors have been effective at boosting corrosion resistance. Typical use levels are 0.5-1.0 lb/gal.

## TINTING

Tinted coatings exhibit excellent compatibility and color stability throughout the pot life. Colorant dispersions can be added to the curing agent or the epoxy side, or to the mixed paint without exhibiting pigment flooding, floating or color drift during pot life. Systems found to be effective include: Creanova M 888, M 803, COVON and Elementis WD, UL colorants.

## RHEOLOGY MODIFIERS

Rheology modifiers should be pre-diluted in water prior to addition to Ancarez AR555 resin. Diluted rheology modifiers should be added slowly with good mixing to avoid agglomeration.

Associative thickeners such as Rheolate 310, Drewthix 6050 and Acrysol RM 8W rheology modifiers are effective at increasing sag resistance and storage stability while maintaining good flow and leveling. Associative thickeners can be added to either the epoxy or the curing agent side of the formulation. When adding to Ancarez AR555 resin, the thickener should be pre-diluted in water and added slowly with good mixing. Typical use levels are 0.5-1.5% based on total formulation weight.

## FOAM CONTROL

Surfynol DF 75 defoamer, an organic based, 100% active silicone free defoamer, has proven effective as both a grind defoamer and an application defoamer. It should be incorporated into the formulation with high shear. A typical use level is 0.25-0.5% based on total formulation weight. Surface cratering associated with Surfynol DF 75 defoamer can be avoided through the addition of Surfynol 420 surfactant at 0.1-0.2% based on total formulation weight.

## FLASH RUST PREVENTION

Flash rusting may occur under conditions of high humidity. Flash rust can be eliminated by the addition of a 10% aqueous solution of sodium nitrite ( $\text{NaNO}_2$ ), or equivalent, to the Part B (curing agent) side in the amount of 2 pounds of solution per 100 gallons of paint.

## MIXING AND APPLICATION

Thoroughly mix the A and B side components for 1-2 minutes until a uniform consistency is achieved. For high-gloss finishes, no induction time is needed. However, for maximum humidity and corrosion resistance, allow the mixed paint to induct for 15-30 minutes.

For conventional spray, the mixed paint can be reduced to application viscosity with water.

A maximum wet film thickness of 8 mils is recommended to allow for water evaporation from the paint film. Good air flow across freshly painted areas will assist in water evaporation and improve dry speed.

Typical pot life is 3-6 hours. In gloss enamels, end of pot life is signaled by a visible loss of gloss in the dried film. Paint remains fluid beyond the pot life but loses coalescence and should be discarded. Do not mix expired paint with fresh paint.

To help avoid shocking the system, formulated A & B components should be free flowing liquids of similar viscosity.

## CLEAN UP

Application tools can be cleaned with warm soap and water.

## STARTING POINT FORMULATIONS

### ANCAREZ AR555 EPOXY RESIN / ANQUAMINE 419 CURING AGENT

**TABLE 4: STARTING POINT FORMULATION  
4:1 ANTICORROSIVE METAL PRIMER**

<b>Part A</b>	<b>Pounds</b>	<b>Gallons</b>
Water	123.56	14.80
Disperbyk 190	13.51	1.48
Surfynol DF 75 Defoamer	4.13	0.52
Surfynol 420	4.99	0.64
<i>Mix at slow speed, then add:</i>		
Red Iron Oxide	72.40	1.68
Zeeospheres G 400	62.74	3.42
Sparwite Barytes	62.74	1.71
Wollastocoat 10ES	62.74	2.59
Halox SW 111	96.53	4.00
Mica 325	9.65	0.41
<i>High speed disperse to Hegman 6+ Reduce speed then add:</i>		
Ancarez AR555 Epoxy Resin	415.08	45.62
Rheolate 310 (15% solution in water)	32.18	3.82
	<b>955.0</b>	<b>80.0</b>
<b>Part B</b>		
Anquamine 419 Curing Agent	113.43	12.52
Propylene glycol methyl ether	32.82	3.75
De-ionized Water	31.08	3.72
	<b>177.33</b>	<b>20.0</b>

**TABLE 5: FORMULATION ATTRIBUTES**

VOC (g/l)	137
Weight Solids (%)	60.53%
Volume Solids (%)	46.74%
PVC (%)	30
Resin Stoichiometry	0.8 : 1 (Epoxy : Amine)
Part A Viscosity	63 KU
Part B Viscosity	80 KU
Mix Viscosity	65 KU
Pot life	>6 h

## ANCAREZ AR555 EPOXY RESIN / ANQUAMINE 401 CURING AGENT

**TABLE 6: STARTING POINT FORMULATION  
ULTRA-LOW-VOC 4:1 CLEAR CONCRETE PRIMER**

<b>Part A</b>	<b>Pounds</b>	<b>Gallons</b>
Ancarez AR555 Epoxy Resin	655.76	72.06
<i>Add at slow speed a premix of:</i>		
Rheolate 310	15.48	1.75
De-ionized Water	51.53	6.19
	<b>722.8</b>	<b>80.0</b>
<b>Part B</b>		
Anquamine 401 Curing Agent	108.54	11.91
De-ionized Water	58.99	7.08
Surfynol DF-75 Defoamer	3.87	0.49
Surfynol 420	3.11	0.40
Glacial Acetic Acid	1.00	0.11
<i>Mix at medium speed</i>		
	<b>175.5</b>	<b>20.0</b>

**TABLE 7: FORMULATION ATTRIBUTES**

VOC (g/l)	trace
Mix Viscosity (cP)	850
Weight Solids (%)	50.3
Volume Solids (%)	41.8
Resin Stoichiometry	0.90 : 1 (Epoxy : Amine)
Part A Viscosity	63 KU
Part B Viscosity	60 KU
Mix Viscosity	77 KU
Pot life	>3 h

## ANCAREZ AR555 EPOXY RESIN / ANQUAMINE 401 CURING AGENT

**TABLE 8: STARTING POINT FORMULATION  
ULTRA-LOW-VOC 2:1 HIGH-GLOSS ENAMEL**

<b>Part A</b>	<b>Pounds</b>	<b>Gallons</b>
Ancarez AR555 Epoxy Resin	546.50	60.05
<i>Add at slow speed a premix of:</i>		
Rheolate 310	12.90	1.46
De-ionized Water	42.94	5.15
	<b>602.3</b>	<b>66.7</b>
<b>Part B</b>		
De-ionized Water	62.15	7.46
Surfynol DF-75 Defoamer	4.01	0.51
Anquamine 401 Curing Agent	64.29	7.06
Glacial Acetic Acid	0.86	0.10
<i>Mix until curing agent is incorporated, then add:</i>		
TiPure R-706 Titanium Dioxide	230.03	6.90
<i>Grind to Hegman 7+, then add:</i>		
De-ionized Water	47.43	5.70
Anquamine 401 Curing Agent	26.35	2.89
Surfynol 420	2.75	0.35
<i>Mix for 15 min. at slow speed, then add at slow speed a premix of:</i>		
De-ionized water	15.35	1.84
Rheolate 310	4.61	0.52
	<b>457.8</b>	<b>33.3</b>

**TABLE 9: FORMULATION ATTRIBUTES**

OC (g/l)	trace
Mix Viscosity (cP)	1100
Weight Solids (%)	57.2
Volume Solids (%)	41.9
PVC (%)	16.5
Resin Stoichiometry	0.93 : 1 (Epoxy : Amine)
Part A Viscosity	64 KU
Part B Viscosity	81 KU
Mix Viscosity	83 KU
Pot life	>3 h
60° Gloss	101.8

## ANCAREZ AR555 EPOXY RESIN / ANQUAWHITE 100 CURATIVE

**TABLE 10: CLEAR COAT FORMULATION**

Part A	Pounds	Gallons
Ancarez AR555 resin	606.57	66.67
Part B		
Anquawhite 100 curative	265.37	30.28
D.I. Water	23.05	2.76
Surfynol DF 110D	2.43	0.29
<b>Total B</b>	<b>290.85</b>	<b>33.33</b>
<b>Total A + B</b>	<b>897.42</b>	<b>100.0</b>

**TABLE 11: FORMULATION ATTRIBUTES**

Pencil Hardness	H
60° Gloss	90
Impact	
Gardner Impact (in/lb) Direct	36
Gardner Impact (in/lb) Reverse	20
Dry Time	
Set to touch	20 minutes
Dry to touch	1¾ h
Hard dry	6 h

## ANCAREZ AR555 EPOXY RESIN / ANQUAWHITE 100 CURATIVE

**TABLE 12: WHITE GLOSS ENAMEL FORMULATION**

Part A	Pounds	Gallons
Ancarez AR555 resin	413.63	45.05
Acrysol RM8W	41.36	4.96
Part B		
Anquawhite 100 curative	144.77	16.52
DI H20	188.20	22.55
Disperbyk 190	10.34	1.17
Surfynol DF110	4.14	0.50
TiO2 – R960	289.54	8.89
Surfynol 420	3.1	0.37
	<b>640.09</b>	<b>50.00</b>

**TABLE 13: FORMULATION ATTRIBUTES**

Pencil Hardness	2H
60° Gloss	63
Impact	
Gardner Impact (in/lb) Direct	12
Gardner Impact (in/lb) Reverse	100
Dry Time	
Set to touch	¼ h
Dry to touch	¾ h
Hard Dry	4 h

## MAINCOTE AE-58 / ANCAREZ AR555 RESIN

**TABLE 14: STARTING POINT FORMULATION  
ACRYLIC-EPOXY CLEAR COAT**

Acrylic Component A	Parts by weight
<i>Add the following in the order listed and mix thoroughly:</i>	
Methyl Carbitol	5.7
Maincote AE-58	72.0
NH <sub>4</sub> OH (28% NH <sub>3</sub> )	0.5
Ektasolve EEH	7.0
Patcote 550	0.3
Acrysol RM-1020	1.2
Acrysol RM-8	0.2
Sodium Nitrite (15% aqueous solution)	1.3
<b>Total Acrylic Component A</b>	<b>88.2</b>
Epoxy Component B	
Ancarez AR555 (Evonik)	11.8
<b>Total Acrylic / Epoxy Topcoat</b>	<b>100.0</b>

## MAINCOTE AE-58 / ANCAREZ AR555

**TABLE 15: STARTING POINT FORMULATION  
ACRYLIC-EPOXY TOPCOAT**

Acrylic Component A	Pounds	Gallons
<i>Grind the following materials using a high speed dissolve for 20 minutes:</i>		
Methyl Carbitol	39.34	4.56
Tamol 165	13.99	1.59
NH <sub>4</sub> OH (28% NH <sub>3</sub> )	1.01	0.12
Triton CF-10	1.62	0.19
Patcote 519	0.41	0.06
TiPure R-900	196.39	5.74
<i>Add the following and continue to grind for 2-3 minutes at lower speed:</i>		
Water	20.18	2.42
<b>Total Grind</b>	<b>272.94</b>	<b>14.69</b>
Letdown Preparation		
<i>Add the following in the order listed and mix thoroughly:</i>		
Maincote AE-58	499.85	58.05
Water	59.31	7.10
NH <sub>4</sub> OH (28% NH <sub>3</sub> )	2.43	0.29
Grind (from above)	272.94	14.60
Ektasolve EEH	48.87	6.59
Patcote 531	2.03	0.28
Water	14.40	1.73
Acrysol RM-1020	8.11	0.91
Acrysol RM-8	1.22	0.14
Sodium Nitrite (15% aqueous solution)	8.92	1.07
<b>Total Acrylic Component A</b>	<b>918.08</b>	<b>90.86</b>
Epoxy Component B		
Ancarez AR555	83.14	9.14
<b>Total Acrylic-Epoxy Topcoat</b>	<b>1000.91</b>	<b>100.00</b>



## MAINCOTE AE-58 / ANCAREZ AR55

TABLE 16: ACRYLIC-EPOXY TOPCOAT COATING TEST RESULTS

Test	1/2 h induction – 21-Day Cure	Clear	Topcoat
Substrate	Cold Rolled Steel, Zinc Phosphate, B952		
PRIMER	None		
Color		Clear	White
	Pot Life/Gel Time (hr)	>12	> 12
	Thickness (mil)	2.0	2.0
Drying Time (hr)	Set-to-Touch	0.25	0.25
	Tack-Free	0.50	0.50
	Dry-Hard	1.00	0.80
	Dry-Through	3.75	3.00
Film Appearance	Gloss (20°)	67.3	33.8
	Gloss (60°)	96.6	77.3
	Gloss (85°)	96.2	93.2
Adhesion	Dry Scrape (kg)	>10.5 kg	>10.5 kg
	Wet Scrape (kg) (24 h/21°C)	3 kg	2 kg
Immersion	Water Immersion (24 h/21°C)	Pass	Pass
	MEK Immersion (r/ 21°C)	Fail	Soft-Edge Lift
Solvent Resistance	MEK Double Rubs	Pass 200 Slight mar	Pass 200 Slight mar
Spot Tests	5% sol. Hydrochloric Acid	No Effect	No Effect
4-hr Exposure	5% sol. Sodium Hydroxide	No Effect	No Effect
4-hr Recovery	5% sol. Sulfuric Acid	No Effect	No Effect
	5% sol. Nitric Acid	No Effect	No Effect
	Chlorox	No Effect	No Effect
	Mustard	No Effect	No Effect
	Ketchup	No Effect	No Effect
Impact	Gardner Impact (in/lb) Direct	12	96
	Gardner Impact (in/lb) Reverse	4	60
Flexibility	Mandrel Bend	1/8"	1/8"
Hardness	Pencil	HB	2H
	PersoZ	179	165

**TABLE 17: RESIN, PIGMENT AND ADDITIVE SUPPLIERS**

Product	Supplier
Acrysol RM-8W	Dow Chemical
Ancarez™ AR550	Evonik
Anquamine® 401	Evonik
Anquamine 419	Evonik
Colortrend 800-series Colorants	Colortrend
Disperbyk 190	BYK Chemie
Drewthix 6050	Ashland
Elementis WD, UL	Elementis
Glacial Acetic Acid	Hoechst Celanese
Halox SW 111	Halox Pigments
Mica 325	KMG
P 40-27 Talc	Barett's Minerals Inc.
Red Iron Oxide	Elementis Pigments
Rheolate 310	Elementis
Sparwite Barytes	Mountain Minerals
Surfynol® Surfactants	Evonik
TiPure R-706 Titanium Dioxide	DuPont
TR-92 Titanium Dioxide	Huntsman
Wollastocoat 10ES	Nexeo
Zeospheres 400	3M Company

Epoxy Curing Agents and Modifiers

# ANCAREZ™ AR555 Waterborne Epoxy Resin

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